## **UNIT TEST-4**

## **SET B**

Class 12 - Business Studies					
Time A	llowed: 1 hour and 30 minutes	Maximum Mark	ւs: 40		
	S	Section A			
1.	Under financial management, a forecast of receipts is ensured.	and payments is made and the shortage or sufficiency of	[1]		
	a) Capital	b) Stocks			
	c) Human resource	d) Material			
2.	Which of the following sources of capital should no	ot be selected by a business if its fixed cost is high?	[1]		
	a) Debentures	b) All of these			
	c) Equity shares	d) Preference shares			
3.	Name the factor due to which a petro chemical coman information technology company.	npany requires much higher investment in fixed capital than	[1]		
	a) Growth aspects	b) Scale of operations			
	c) Nature of business	d) Technology of production			
4.	REI Agro Food Ltd 'is a famous multinational company. Mr. S.K.Nagi is its finance manager. He is making efforts to increase the market value of capital invested by the equity shareholders. He already knew it could be possible only when price of the shares increases and price of shares increase only if Financing, Investment and dividend decisions are taken optimally. He did the same and achieved success. Which objective of financial management has been referred here?				
	a) Long term growth	b) Diversification			
	c) Wealth maximisation	d) Scale of Operations			
5. Cars Udyog Ltd. plans to manufacture solar cars in its new plant. It has an offer from Toyota for of What impact will the collaboration have on the requirement of fixed capital for Cars Udyog Ltd.?			[1]		
	a) Decrease the requirement for fixed capital	b) None of these			
	c) No change in fixed capital needed	d) Increase the requirement for fixed capital			
6.	Instruments deals in the capital market are:		[1]		
	a) equity shares	b) zero-coupon bard			
	c) call money	d) commercial Bill			
7.	Secondary market deals with the of exist	ing securities.	[1]		
	a) Purchase	b) Purchase sale			

c) Sale

8.

d) Stock

Charu is a charted accountant in Prakash Ltd. During eh course of meeting with directors she came to know that [1]

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	•	market jumps up. Considering it, Charu purchase large ed the public. Identify the type of malpractice used by Charu.	
	a) theft	b) Insider trading	
	c) Forged transfer	d) Demutualisation	
9.	Liquidity states of the certificate of deposit which is	,	[1]
٠.			[-]
	a) team liquidity	b) certified liquidity	
	c) lees liquid	d) more liquid	
10.		re required even to maintain a constant volume of production	[1]
	and sales.	aveiness begans highar with higher rate of inflation	
		ousiness become higher with higher rate of inflation.	
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct	b) Both A and R are true but R is not the	
	explanation of A.	correct explanation of A.	
	c) A is true but R is false.	d) A is false but R is true.	
	S	ection B	
11.	Vinod is engaged in 'Transport Business' and transp	ports fruits and vegetables to different states. Stating the	[3]
	reason in support of your answer, identify the working capital requirements of Vinod.		
		ort business, explain any two factors that will affect his fixed	
	capital requirements.		
12.	State the protective functions of the Securities and I	•	[3]
13.	What is meant by 'Financing Decision'? State any f	our factors affecting the financing decision.  OR	[4]
	Name the process which helps in determining the ol	ojectives, policies, procedures, programmes and budgets to de	al
	with the financial activities of an enterprise. Explain		uı
14.		his warehouses are generally used by businessmen to store	[4]
	fruits. Identify the working capital requirements of Harish giving reasons in support of your answer. Further,		
	Harish wants to expand and diversify his warehousi	ng business. Explain any two factors that will affect his fixed	
	capital requirements.		
15.	Aditya Khosla, the Managing Director of 'D.L.W. I	td.' and Rajesh Puri, the Finance Manager were discussing	[4]
	about avenues of investing the idle funds of the company. Aditya Khosla was of the opinion that money should		
	be invested in the capital market whereas Rajesh Pu	ri, being more conservative, felt that it would be better if the	
	investment was made in the money market. Since the	ne economy was buoyant, the Managing Director convinced	
		est in the capital market to get good returns. Ultimately it	
	was decided to invest the idle funds in the capital m	arket.	
	i. What kind of instruments should the company b		
	ii. Why is the capital market expected to give a bet		
	iii. Why and how safe are the securities in this mark	•	
16.	A company uses a financial instrument for bridge fi	nancing. The instrument here is short-term, low risk,	[6]

unsecured and highly liquid. It needed to buy machinery for which it issued equity. This turned out to be

as against the previous years, this year company is going to declare handsome dividend\d offer. It is observed

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expensive as this issue involved floatation costs. The company is a large and creditworthy and this method has come up as a great help to it.

- a. Identify the financial instrument highlighted in the above case.
- b. The instrument highlighted in (a) above is of which market?
- c. Name any two types of floatation costs which are generally involved.
- d. State the purpose for which this instrument can be used.
- e. Name two instruments of that market which is for the short-term funds, which are issued at discount and redeemed at par.
- 17. Explain the meaning of Fixed Capital. Briefly explain any five factors that determine the fixed capital of a company.

OR

[6]

Explain the following as factors affecting the requirements of working capital

- i. Business cycle
- ii. Operating efficiency
- iii. Availability of raw material
- iv. Level of competition

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